

Evidence-based Science & Technology Policy Design

Guidance

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Aim of the Course

Objectives

- To develop skills to design a solution (a policy) for a problem
- in the STI (Science Technology Innovation) context
- in a scientifically informed manner

Why STI?

- **Relevant**: STI shapes the foundation of the contemporary society and thus make a major arena of public policy.
- **Challenging**: The complex nature of the STI system poses various challenges in effective policymaking.
- **Feasible**: Recent development of Science of Science (SoS) offers theoretical frameworks and technical tools.



and to address societal, environmental, and

technological problems more effectively.



Overview of the Course



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Project

- Based on your own interest
 - Broadly related to an STI issue
- <u>Individual</u> basis
 - (Depending on enrollment)
- <u>Weekly feedback</u> for each student
- <u>Step-by-step approach</u> to reach the final proposal
 - TIPs instructed on a weekly basis



Project

*Practice to design and propose a solution for a policy agenda of your choice



Seminars (Lectures)

Part 1

Research seminars

*Research talks given by expert in selected STI topics



To gain inspiration for your project

- What kind of policy issues exist?
- What kind of "evidence" exists?
- How such evidences are used for policymaking?

Invited experts

Dr. Masatsura Igami (伊神 正貫 先生) MEXT, NISTEP, Director of Center for S&T Foresight and Indicators

Dr. Mari Kawamura (川村 真里 先生)

UTokyo, Sch of Education, Assistant Professor / MEXT, NISTEP, Senior researcher

Prof. Seokbeon Kwon

UTokyo RCAST / Sungkyunkwan Univ, Dept. of Systems Management Engineering, Assistant Professor

Dr. Shinichi Akaike (赤池 伸一 先生) MEXT, NISTEP, Principal Senior Fellow 5

Science of Science (or of STI)

"An interdisciplinary research field that aims to deepen our understanding of the factors that drive successful development of STI; to provide tools and policies to accelerate science; and to address societal, environmental, and technological problems more effectively."



SoS Tools & data

- Visualization of STI output (metrics)
 - Knowledge
 - Technologies
 - STI human resources
- Empirical evidence for causal effects
 Input -> Output
- Theoretical models

Visualization of STI



05/10/2022

Why should you take this course?

Focus on Problem Finding and Formulation

- The outcome of a policy (or any work of problem solving) is determined to a large extent by how you formulate a problem.
- Not many courses are designed for the <u>upstream</u> skills
 - A thesis project may be an opportunity.
 - But, it may be the supervisors who do the upstream skills.
 - It takes time. This course is time-efficient.
- The skills are applicable to a broader range of problem solving:
 - Policies not only STI policies
 - Organizational strategy, consulting, etc.
 - Any research project
- Skills for this upstream step complement skills for more downstream steps
 - Such as techniques for data analysis, etc.

Schedule & Logistics

Week	Day	Торіс
1	Sep 29	Introduction
2	Oct 6	Evaluation and resource allocation
3	Oct 13	Link of academia and society [Prof. Kwon]
4	Oct 20	Production of knowledge [Dr. Igami]
5	Oct 27	Management of organizations and teams
-	Nov 3	(Holiday)
6	Nov 10	Development of STI labour [Prof. Kawamura]
7	Nov 17	EBPM in STI [Dr. Akaike]
8	Nov 24	Project 1
9	Dec 1	Project 2
10	Dec 8	Project 3
11	Dec 15	Project 4
12	Dec 22	Project 5
-	Dec 29	(Holiday)
13	Jan 5	Project 6

- Language policy
 - Delivered in English
 - You may use Japanese for communication with the instructor (Q&A, project, the final report).

Class information

- <u>ITC-LMS</u>
- Office hour
 - By appointment
 - <u>shibayama@ifi.u-</u> <u>tokyo.ac.jp</u>

Sum up

Come to class

1pm on Oct.5 (Tomorrow)

IAR 1213A